XIII Liceum Ogólnokształcące

IV Konkurs Języka Angielskiego dla uczniów szkół podstawowych

pod patronatem Zachodniopomorskiego Kuratora Oświaty

Finał Część I-sza

- Na napisanie testu masz 90 minut
- Łącznie możesz otrzymać 80 pkt
- Przeczytaj uważnie polecenia
- W pytaniach zamkniętych zaznacz tylko jedną odpowiedź
- W pytaniach otwartych pisz czytelnie, gdyż wszelkie wątpliwości sprawdzający rozstrzygnie na twoją niekorzyść

Name	Surname	School

Listening Max 20 marks	

II You will hear a successful fashion designer talking about his career. Put a tick ($\sqrt{}$) in the correct box for each question. You will hear the recording twice. <u>Max 10</u> <u>marks</u>

1. How well did the speaker do at school ?

- A He was an average student
- B His parents helped him
- C He got into trouble
- D He had problems passing exams

2. What did he do when he left school?

- A He got a job to earn a lot of money
- B He did a business course
- C He went to art college
- D He studied to pass some exams

3. What did he learn from his part-time job?

- A \square how to sew
- B how to design cheap clothes
- C how clothes are made
- D how to run a large business

4. When did he go to London?

- A at the age of seventeen
- B after working for an Italian company
- $C \square$ as soon as he had enough money
- D when he won a prize
- 5. Why did he have difficulties in New York?
 - A He wanted to be near his home
 - B The work was more stressful than he had expected
 - C He quickly became very tired
 - D He could not start a company there
- **III** Look at the notes about a city walk. You will hear a tour guide talking to some tourists about a visit to the shopping centre. For each question, fill in the missing information in the numbered space. You will hear the recording twice. Max 5 marks

Visit to shopping centre				
Bank is on the (1)				
Get a (2) from the newsagent				
Restaurant is opposite the (3)	in the main square.			
Snack bar next to the (4)	·			
Meet outside shop called (5)				

IV You will hear a conversation between a girl, Alice, and a boy, Sam, about a play their

school is doing called 'Romeo and Juliet'. Decide if you think each statement is correct or incorrect. If you think it is correct, put a tick ($\sqrt{}$) in the box under <u>A</u> for <u>YES</u>. If you think it is not correct, put a tick ($\sqrt{}$) in the box under <u>B</u> for <u>NO</u> <u>Max 5 Marks</u>

		Α	B
		YES	NO
1	They are going to have the practice outdoors today.		
2	Sam has decided he no longer wants to be Romeo.		
3	Alice agrees with Miss Hayes about Sam's voice.		
4	Sam agrees that Alice should speak to Miss Hayes about the problem.		
5	Alice persuades Sam to take a smaller part in the play		

L Choose and circle the correct answer. Max 10 marks

- 1. We spend _____ money on books than we used to. a/ few b/ fewer c/ lesser d/ less 2. I went to tell my mum the bad news. I knew she _____ be happy. a/ won't b/ wouldn't c/ isn't going to d/ wouldn't to 3. Soon after I arrived, the party a/ finished b/ has finished c/ was finishing d/ finishes 4. This month I ____ three exams. a/ have been taking b/ took c/ have taken d/ were taking 5. Peter asked Ann how long Betty. a/ had she known b/did she know c/ she had been knowing d/ she had known
- 6. "The Pirates" _____ a great film. a/ are b/ is c/ are being d/ is being 7. _____ the people who saw the film thought it was great. a/ most b/ every of c/ all d/ each 8. Answer the phone for me, ____ ? a/ will you b/ do you c/ won't you a/ don't you 9. Tom and Mary don't speak to _____. They had an argument yesterday. a/ themselves b/ the other c/ the one another d/ each other 10. You _____ water the flowers. It is going to rain. a/ don't need to
 - b/ needn't to
 - c/ haven't to d/ mustn't to

II. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the sentence printed before it. <u>Max 5 marks</u>

1.	Someone left my bike outside in the rain.	
	My bike	in the rain.
2.	Shall we have a game of chess?	
	How	a game of chess?
3.	The telephone was invented by Graham Bell.	-
	It	the telephone.

4. What's the date today?

Could you tell me _____

- 5. It was in March that I last saw him.
 - I _____ March.

III. Put the verbs in brackets into the most logical form or tense. <u>Max 5 marks</u>

- 1. What a nice photo. When and where (you + take) ______ it ? It (be) ______ in Scotland last summer. We (spend) ______ three weeks there.
- 2. How long (it + take) ______ to cover the distance on foot? I don't know. I (not + walk) ______ this way yet.
- 3. I must go now or I (not + get) ______ to the shop before they (close)
- 4. Look at those heavy clouds. It (rain) _____, which doesn't bother me much as I (not + go) _____ anywhere for the weekend.
- 5. I (start) _____ running when I realised that the smoke (come) _____ from the window of my room.

Vocabulary Max 20 marks

I. Choose and circle the word which best completes each sentence. <u>Max 10 marks</u>

- Gambling can easily become a bad _____.
 a/ tradition b/ habit c/ custom d/ misuse
- 2. In England, if you park your car on the pavement, you may pay a _____.
 a/ tax b/ bill c/ fee d/ fine
- 3. Susan tried to ______ me to go to the mountains with her, but I refused.

a/ convince b/ persuade c/ make d/ suggest

- 4. I can always rely on my mother to give me a good _____.a/ advice b/ information c/ news d/ idea
- 5. I always _____ difficult words in the dictionary. \mathbf{a} / come up \mathbf{b} / give up \mathbf{c} / take up \mathbf{d} / look up
- 6. I did not ______ John as he was wearing a false beard.a/ resemble b/ recall c/ recognize d/ remember
- 7. Now it's your ______ to throw the dice. **a**/ time **b**/ turn **c**/ term **d**/ row

- 8. Turn down the radio, please. The noise really _____ me crazy **a**/ drives **b**/ takes **c**/ bothers **d**/ rides
- 9. Do you think you could possibly _____ a favour. **a**/ make me **b**/ do my **c**/ do me **d**/ make my
- 10. The hurricane did serious ______ to our town. **a**/ destruction **b**/ damage **c**/ harm **d**/ injury

II. Write in the correct word. <u>Max 10 marks</u>

- 1. Speaking, writing, reading and listening are four important ___i___.
- 2. That pink blouse does not $__t__$ her green skirt at all.
- 3. The teacher told us to learn the poem by $___\mathbf{r}_$.
- 4. I eventually $___c___$ in passing the test, but many people failed .
- 5. A $__h__$ of fish swam underneath the boat.
- 6. Names start with a __p____ letter.
- 7. We had to drive at a ___a_l's pace through the snow it took us hours to get home.
- 8. "I like reeding." There's a ___l ___ mistake in this sentence.
- 9. Peter is very ___c ___ . He enjoys being with other people and making friends
- 10. Instead of looking happy you look quite $__s____$.

I. The following story appeared in several English newspapers. For questions 1-4 choose the answer (a, b, c or d) which you think fits best according to the text. <u>Max 8 Marks</u>

Fake Doctor Jailed

A judge expressed horror yesterday at how easy it was for a 23-year-old hairdresser to pass himself off as a doctor despite a complete lack of medical qualifications.

The hairdresser, Dominic York, used to wander about hospitals at night, wearing a white coat and calling himself 'Dr Simon'. He claims that he not only stitched up the wounds of accident victims but also saved a man's life by draining fluid from a collapsed lung, and that he was even allowed to attend open-heart operations as an observer.

York avoided detection for more than two months by carefully studying the notice-boards in various hospitals in the London area to discover which doctors were away on holiday. When asked who he was, he would say that he was taking over from them until they came back. "At first I just stood around, watching. That's how I learned what doctors do, the way they speak and how hospitals are run. Once you learn how to act like a doctor and talk to patients, the rest is easy," he told the court.

One of the patients was Laura Kennan, to whom he gave an injection. Although he had great difficulty in finding the vain and left a nasty bruise on her arm afterwards, she didn't realise he was a fake. "He really took me in. He looked so professional in his white coat and spoke like a doctor. If a policewoman had not come here and showed me his picture, I would never have known who he really was," Miss Kennan said when interviewed in her flat in West London yesterday.

Judge Raymond Adlam sentenced York to a year in prison where he must have regular examination and treatment by psychiatrists. But he is worried that this will lead to further problems. "It will be very difficult to prevent him from imitating the psychiatrists and convincing people that he is one once he gets out. After all, he will have a great deal of opportunity to study their ways," Adlam said.

1. York managed to pass himself off as a doctor because he

a/ observed doctors carefully at his hairdressing salonb/ filled in for doctors who were away at the timec/ stated that he had some medical trainingd/ was able to walk through hospitals unnoticed

- The judge was horrified because York

 a/ was too young to be a doctor
 b/ had been able to steal a doctor's white coat
 c/ had had no proper medical experience at all
 d/ had no difficulty in being accepted as a doctor
- When York gave Laura Kennan an injection, she a/ had no idea he was not a proper doctor b/ realised he was not her usual doctor c/ told a policewoman she was suspicious of him d/ asked to be taken to see another doctor

4. During his stay in prison York will a/ not be allowed any contact with fellow prisoners b/ be kept under close observation c/ be prevented from imitating prison staff d/ be given an opportunity to study

II Read the text. Are the statements below true (T) or false (F)? Circle the correct answer

Max 12 marks

Ferndig Islands

Three miles across the water from the town of Blascott lies the group of islands known as the Ferndigs. The main island is St Michael. Separated by a narrow channel of water is St Michael's little sister, St Margaret. People first lived on these islands 1500 years ago. By the 1950s the population had gone down to below twenty and in 1960 the last person left the islands. But in 2001 two families moved back and since then more people have followed. Tourists now visit regularly to enjoy the beautiful scenery.

Visit the one shop on the islands which sells butter, cheese and bread produced by the families who live there. the produce is taken by boat to restaurants in Blascott where it can be enjoyed by visitors to the area. Perhaps more interestingly, a range of perfumes are made from the wild flowers and herbs which grow on the island and can be bought in the shop. They are produced mainly for export and are very special. So a visit to the shop is a must!

St Michael Island is easily explored on foot but, in the interest of safety, visitors are requested to keep to the main footpaths. From where the boats lands, walk along the cliff until you reach a steep path signposted to the church. When you get there, it is worth spending a moment in this lovely old building. Carry on along the same path which continues to climb to the highest point on the island. there is a wonderful view from here along the coastline. If it is warm, you may like to finish your day relaxing on the beach. Priory Beach on the eastern side of the island is safe for swimming. Sandtop Bay on the western side is the other sandy beach but swimming is not allowed here.

It is possible to hire a boat to cross to the islands or you can take one of the boat trips which depart from Blascott harbour in summer, Monday-Friday. The islands are always open to visitors apart from on Sundays. Buy a ticket for a boat trip from the kiosk in Blascott harbour. The charge for landing on the islands is included in the ticket but, if you take your own boat, remember to take some money. The crossing takes thirty minutes and boats run every fifteen minutes.

Before you set off on a trip, visit the exhibition centre which tells the history of the islands and gives information about birds and wildlife you may see when you get there.

1. St Margaret Islan	d is smaller than St Michael Island.	Т	F
v	e living on the islands in the 1990s.	T	F
3. Nowadays only ty	<u> </u>	Т	F
4. There are several	restaurants on the islands	Т	F
5. Flowers are for sa	ale in the island shop	Т	F
6. Visitors can use a	all footpaths on the islands	Т	F
7. The church is at t	he top of the highest hill	Т	F
8. There is one beac	ch on St Michael Island where it is safe to swim	Т	F
9. It is possible to ta	ke a boat trip on a Saturday	Т	F
10. There is a fee for	landing on the islands	Т	F
11. The journey to th	e islands lasts half an hour	Т	F
12. There is an exhib	ition centre on the islands	Т	F

Answer Key

II. Max 10 marks

A 2. B 3. C 4. D 5. A
 III Max 5 marks (spelling)
 1. first floor 2. map 3. fountain 4. lifts 5. Whitmarsh
 IV Max 5 Marks
 A 2. B 3. B 4. B 5. B

Grammar Max 20 marks			
I 10 marks	II 5 marks		
1. d	1. was left outside		
2. b	2. about having/playing		
3. a	3. was Graham Bell who invented		
4. c	4. what the date is today		
5. d	5. haven't seen him since March		
6. b	III 5 marks		
7. c	1. did you take/was/spent		
8. a	2. does it take/haven't walked		
9. d	3. won't go/close		
10. a	4. is going to rain/am not going		
	5. started/was coming		

Vocabulary Max 20 marks

I Max 10 marks	II max 10 marks
1. b	1. skills
2. d	2. match
3. b	3. heart
4. d	4. succeeded
5. d	5. school
6. c	6. capital
7. b	7. snail's
8. a	8. spelling
9. c	9. sociable
10. b	10. miserable

Reading Max 20 marks		
I Max 8 marks	II Max 12 marks	7. F
1 b	1. T	8. T
2 d	2. T	9. F
3 a	3. F	10. T
4 b	4. F	11. T
	5. F	12. F
	6. F	